



Clinical trial results:

A phase III, randomized, open-label, multicentre study to assess the immunogenicity, safety and reactogenicity of GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals' combined DTPa-IPV/Hib vaccine administered as a three-dose primary vaccination course at 2-4-6 months of age in healthy infants in South Korea.

Summary

EudraCT number	2012-004137-16
Trial protocol	Outside EU/EEA
Global end of trial date	24 February 2012

Results information

Result version number	v3 (current)
This version publication date	16 September 2018
First version publication date	02 July 2015
Version creation reason	• Correction of full data set Data correction due to results being updated.

Trial information

Trial identification

Sponsor protocol code	114260
-----------------------	--------

Additional study identifiers

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT01309646
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-

Notes:

Sponsors

Sponsor organisation name	GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals
Sponsor organisation address	Rue de l'Institut 89, Rixensart, Belgium, B-1330
Public contact	Clinical Trials Call Center, GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, 44 2089904466, GSKClinicalSupportHD@gsk.com
Scientific contact	Clinical Trials Call Center, GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, 44 2089904466, GSKClinicalSupportHD@gsk.com

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	No
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	Yes

Notes:

Results analysis stage

Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	21 March 2016
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	Yes
Primary completion date	24 February 2012
Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	24 February 2012
Was the trial ended prematurely?	No

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of GSK Biologicals' DTPa-IPV/Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age is non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of GSK Biologicals' DTPa-IPV and Hib vaccines, in terms of immune response to all vaccine antigens, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.

Protection of trial subjects:

All subjects were supervised closely for at least 30 minutes following vaccination with appropriate medical treatment readily available. Vaccines were administered by qualified and trained personnel. Vaccines were administered only to eligible subjects that had no contraindications to any components of the vaccines. Subjects were followed-up for one month (minimum 30 days) following administration of the last dose of study vaccines.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

Actual start date of recruitment	04 March 2011
Long term follow-up planned	No
Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement?	No

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Korea, Republic of: 451
Worldwide total number of subjects	451
EEA total number of subjects	0

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group

In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	451
Children (2-11 years)	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0
Adults (18-64 years)	0
From 65 to 84 years	0

85 years and over	0
-------------------	---

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

Initially, a total of 454 subjects were enrolled in the study but 3 subjects had withdrawn therefore, a total of 451 subjects were enrolled in the study. During the screening the following steps occurred: check for inclusion/exclusion criteria, contraindications/precautions, medical history of the subjects and signing informed consent forms.

Period 1

Period 1 title	Overall period (overall period)
Is this the baseline period?	Yes
Allocation method	Randomised - controlled
Blinding used	Not blinded

Arms

Are arms mutually exclusive?	Yes
------------------------------	-----

Arm title	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group
------------------	------------------------

Arm description:

Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix-IPV+Hib at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 doses of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age. The Infanrix-IPV+Hib was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix vaccine was administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Infanrix-IPV+Hib
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	DTPa-IPV/Hib
Pharmaceutical forms	Powder and suspension for suspension for injection
Routes of administration	Intramuscular use

Dosage and administration details:

Intramuscular, 3 doses at 2,4 and 6 months of age.

Investigational medicinal product name	Synflorix
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	10Pn-PD-DiT
Pharmaceutical forms	Suspension for injection
Routes of administration	Intramuscular use

Dosage and administration details:

Intramuscular, 3 doses at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age.

Investigational medicinal product name	Rotarix
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	HRV
Pharmaceutical forms	Powder and solvent for oral suspension
Routes of administration	Oral use

Dosage and administration details:

Oral, 2 doses at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age.

Arm title	Infanrix IPV Group
------------------	--------------------

Arm description:

Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix IPV and Hiberix co-administered at separate injection sites at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 dose of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5

months of age. The Infanrix IPV was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix and Hiberix vaccines were administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.

Arm type	Active comparator
Investigational medicinal product name	Infanrix IPV
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	DTPa-IPV
Pharmaceutical forms	Powder and suspension for suspension for injection
Routes of administration	Intramuscular use

Dosage and administration details:

Intramuscular, 3 doses co-administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age with Hiberix.

Investigational medicinal product name	Hiberix
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	Hib
Pharmaceutical forms	Powder and solvent for solution for injection
Routes of administration	Intramuscular use

Dosage and administration details:

Intramuscular, 3 doses co-administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age with Infanrix IPV.

Investigational medicinal product name	Synflorix
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	10Pn-PD-DiT
Pharmaceutical forms	Suspension for injection
Routes of administration	Intramuscular use

Dosage and administration details:

Intramuscular, 3 doses at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age.

Investigational medicinal product name	Rotarix
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	HRV
Pharmaceutical forms	Powder and solvent for oral suspension
Routes of administration	Oral use

Dosage and administration details:

Oral, 2 doses at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age.

Number of subjects in period 1	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group
Started	224	227
Completed	224	227

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group
Reporting group description:	
Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix-IPV+Hib at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 doses of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age. The Infanrix-IPV+Hib was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix vaccine was administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.	
Reporting group title	Infanrix IPV Group
Reporting group description:	
Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix IPV and Hiberix co-administered at separate injection sites at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 dose of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age. The Infanrix IPV was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix and Hiberix vaccines were administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.	

Reporting group values	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group	Total
Number of subjects	224	227	451
Age categorical Units: Subjects			
In utero			0
Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks)			0
Newborns (0-27 days)			0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)			0
Children (2-11 years)			0
Adolescents (12-17 years)			0
Adults (18-64 years)			0
From 65-84 years			0
85 years and over			0
Age continuous Units: weeks			
arithmetic mean	8.8	8.8	
standard deviation	± 1.1	± 1.09	-
Gender categorical Units: Subjects			
Female	97	115	212
Male	127	112	239

End points

End points reporting groups

Reporting group title	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group
Reporting group description:	
Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix-IPV+Hib at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 doses of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age. The Infanrix-IPV+Hib was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix vaccine was administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.	
Reporting group title	Infanrix IPV Group
Reporting group description:	
Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix IPV and Hiberix co-administered at separate injection sites at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 dose of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age. The Infanrix IPV was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix and Hiberix vaccines were administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.	

Primary: Number of seroprotected subjects for anti-diphtheria (anti-D) and anti-tetanus (anti-T) antibodies

End point title	Number of seroprotected subjects for anti-diphtheria (anti-D) and anti-tetanus (anti-T) antibodies
End point description:	
A seroprotected subject was defined as a vaccinated subject who had an anti-D and anti-T antibody concentration equal to or above (\geq) 0.1 international units per milliliter (IU/mL). The Month 5 results are the primary outcome variables.	
End point type	Primary
End point timeframe:	
At Month 0 and Month 5	

End point values	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: Subjects				
Anti-D at Month 0	29	30		
Anti-D at Month 5	213	217		
Anti-T at Month 0	64	76		
Anti-T at Month 5	213	217		

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Difference in seroprotection rates for anti-D
Statistical analysis description:	
To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of the Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to all vaccine antigens, one month after the third dose of	

the primary vaccination.

Comparison groups	Infanrix IPV Group v Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	430
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[1]
Parameter estimate	Difference in seroprotection rate
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-1.74
upper limit	1.78

Notes:

[1] - UL of the standardized asymptotic 95% CI on the group difference [Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group minus Infanrix IPV Group] in percentage of seroprotected subjects $\leq 10\%$

Statistical analysis title	Difference in seroprotection rates for anti-T
-----------------------------------	---

Statistical analysis description:

To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of the Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to all vaccine antigens, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.

Comparison groups	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group v Infanrix IPV Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	430
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[2]
Parameter estimate	Difference in seroprotection rate
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-1.74
upper limit	1.78

Notes:

[2] - UL of the standardized asymptotic 95% CI on the group difference [Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group minus Infanrix IPV Group] in percentage of seroprotected subjects $\leq 10\%$

Primary: Number of seroprotected subjects for anti-polyribosyl-ribitol-phosphate (anti-PRP) antibodies

End point title	Number of seroprotected subjects for anti-polyribosyl-ribitol-phosphate (anti-PRP) antibodies
-----------------	---

End point description:

A seroprotected subject was defined as a vaccinated subject who had an anti-PRP antibody concentration ≥ 0.15 micrograms per milliliter ($\mu\text{g/mL}$). The Month 5 results are the primary outcome variables.

End point type	Primary
----------------	---------

End point timeframe:

At Month 0 and Month 5

End point values	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: Subjects				
Anti-PRP at Month 0	91	109		
Anti-PRP at Month 5	213	217		

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Difference in seroprotection rates for anti-PRP
Statistical analysis description:	
To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of the Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to all vaccine antigens, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.	
Comparison groups	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group v Infanrix IPV Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	430
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[3]
Parameter estimate	Difference in seroprotection rate
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-1.74
upper limit	1.78

Notes:

[3] - UL of the standardized asymptotic 95% CI on the group difference [**Infanrix-IPV+Hib** Group minus **Infanrix IPV** Group] in percentage of seroprotected subjects ≤ 10%

Primary: Concentrations for anti-D and anti-T antibodies

End point title	Concentrations for anti-D and anti-T antibodies ^[4]
End point description:	
Concentrations were expressed as geometric mean concentrations (GMCs). The seroprotection cut-off of the assay was 0.1 IU/mL.	
End point type	Primary
End point timeframe:	
At Month 0 and Month 5	

Notes:

[4] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: The scope of this primary end point was descriptive, no statistical hypothesis test was performed.

End point values	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: IU/mL				
geometric mean (confidence interval 95%)				

Anti-D at Month 0	0.058 (0.055 to 0.061)	0.06 (0.056 to 0.064)		
Anti-D at Month 5	8.096 (7.52 to 8.717)	8.692 (8.125 to 9.298)		
Anti-T at Month 0	0.081 (0.072 to 0.09)	0.091 (0.08 to 0.103)		
Anti-T at Month 5	10.259 (9.654 to 10.902)	12.421 (11.599 to 13.301)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Number of subjects seroprotected for anti-Polio virus type 1, 2 and 3 antibodies

End point title	Number of subjects seroprotected for anti-Polio virus type 1, 2 and 3 antibodies
End point description: A seroprotected subject was defined as a vaccinated subject who had an anti-polio types 1, 2 and 3 antibody titres equal to or above (\geq) 8, cut off corresponding to the effective dose for 50% of the vaccinated subjects.	
End point type	Primary
End point timeframe: At one month after (POST) Dose 3	

End point values	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	212	216		
Units: Subjects				
Anti-Polio 1, POST [N=212;216]	212	216		
Anti-Polio 2, POST [N=204;211]	204	211		
Anti-polio 3, POST [N=198;199]	197	197		

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Difference in seroprotection rates for anti-Polio1
Statistical analysis description: To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of GSK Biologicals' Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to anti-Polio type 1 antibodies, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.	
Comparison groups	Infanrix IPV Group v Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group

Number of subjects included in analysis	428
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[5]
Parameter estimate	Difference in seroprotection rates
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-1.75
upper limit	1.78

Notes:

[5] - The upper limits of the standardized asymptotic 95% confidence interval (CI) on the group differences [Infanrix IPV Group minus Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group] in percentages of subjects seroprotected against poliovirus type 1 was $\leq 10\%$.

Statistical analysis title	Difference in seroprotection rates for anti-Polio2
-----------------------------------	--

Statistical analysis description:

To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of GSK Biologicals' Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to anti-Polio type 2 antibodies, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.

Comparison groups	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group v Infanrix IPV Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	428
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[6]
Parameter estimate	Difference in seroprotection rates
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-1.79
upper limit	1.85

Notes:

[6] - The upper limits of the standardized asymptotic 95% confidence interval (CI) on the group differences [Infanrix IPV Group minus Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group] in percentages of subjects seroprotected against poliovirus type 2 was $\leq 10\%$.

Statistical analysis title	Difference in seroprotection rates for anti-Polio3
-----------------------------------	--

Statistical analysis description:

To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of GSK Biologicals' Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to anti-Polio type 3 antibodies, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.

Comparison groups	Infanrix IPV Group v Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	428
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[7]
Parameter estimate	Difference in seroprotection rates
Point estimate	-0.5
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-3.14
upper limit	1.89

Notes:

[7] - The upper limits of the standardized asymptotic 95% confidence interval (CI) on the group differences [Infanrix IPV Group minus Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group] in percentages of subjects seroprotected against poliovirus type 3 was $\leq 10\%$.

Primary: Anti-pertussis toxoid (PT), anti-filamentous haemagglutinin (FHA) and anti-pertactin (PRN) antibody concentrations

End point title	Anti-pertussis toxoid (PT), anti-filamentous haemagglutinin (FHA) and anti-pertactin (PRN) antibody concentrations
-----------------	--

End point description:

End point type	Primary
----------------	---------

End point timeframe:

At one month after (POST) Dose 3

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: EL.U/mL				
geometric mean (confidence interval 95%)				
Anti-PT [N=213;217]	54.2 (50.4 to 58.3)	56 (51.8 to 60.5)		
Anti-FHA [N=213;217]	125 (115.4 to 135.4)	134.2 (124.2 to 145)		
Anti-PRN [N=213;217]	125.8 (116 to 136.5)	133.4 (123 to 144.6)		

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Difference in GMC ratio for anti-PT
----------------------------	-------------------------------------

Statistical analysis description:

To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of GSK Biologicals' Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to anti-PT antigens, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.

Comparison groups	Infanrix IPV Group v Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	430
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[8]
Method	ANCOVA
Parameter estimate	Difference in GMC ratio
Point estimate	1.04
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.93
upper limit	1.15

Notes:

[8] - The upper limits of the 95% confidence interval (CI) on the group ratio [Infanrix IPV Group divided by Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group] of geometric mean concentrations (GMCs) of antibodies against pertussis toxoid (PT) was ≤ 1.5 .

Statistical analysis title	Difference in GMC ratio for anti-FHA
-----------------------------------	--------------------------------------

Statistical analysis description:

To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of GSK Biologicals' Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to anti-FHA antigens, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.

Comparison groups	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group v Infanrix IPV Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	430
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[9]
Method	ANCOVA
Parameter estimate	Difference in GMC ratio
Point estimate	1.08
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.97
upper limit	1.21

Notes:

[9] - The upper limits of the 95% confidence interval (CI) on the group ratio [Infanrix IPV Group divided by Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group] of geometric mean concentrations (GMCs) of antibodies against filamentous haemagglutinin (FHA) was ≤ 1.5 .

Statistical analysis title	Difference in GMC ratio for anti-PRN
-----------------------------------	--------------------------------------

Statistical analysis description:

To demonstrate that the immunogenicity of the Infanrix-IPV+Hib vaccine administered at 2, 4 and 6 months of age was non-inferior to that of the concomitant administration of GSK Biologicals' Infanrix IPV and Hiberix vaccines, in terms of immune response to anti-PRN antigens, one month after the third dose of the primary vaccination.

Comparison groups	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group v Infanrix IPV Group
Number of subjects included in analysis	430
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[10]
Method	ANCOVA
Parameter estimate	Difference in GMC ratio
Point estimate	1.08
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.96
upper limit	1.21

Notes:

[10] - The upper limits of the 95% confidence interval (CI) on the group ratio [Infanrix IPV Group divided by Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group] of geometric mean concentrations (GMCs) of antibodies against pertactin (PRN) was ≤ 1.5 .

Secondary: Number of subjects with any solicited local symptoms

End point title	Number of subjects with any solicited local symptoms
-----------------	--

End point description:

Assessed solicited local symptoms were pain, redness and swelling at the injection site. Any = incidence of a particular symptom regardless of intensity grade.

End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
During the 4-day (Days 0-3) follow-up period after any vaccination with Infanrix-IPV+Hib or Infanrix IPV + Hiberix	

End point values	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	224	227		
Units: Subjects				
Any Pain	143	146		
Any Redness	177	167		
Any Swelling	130	121		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of subjects with any solicited general symptoms

End point title	Number of subjects with any solicited general symptoms
End point description:	
Assessed solicited general symptoms were drowsiness, irritability/fussiness, loss of appetite and fever [defined as tympanic temperature ≥ 37.5 degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)]. Any = incidence of a particular symptom regardless of intensity grade.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
During the 4-day (Days 0-3) follow-up period after any vaccination with Infanrix-IPV+Hib or Infanrix IPV + Hiberix	

End point values	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	224	227		
Units: Subjects				
Any Drowsiness	153	147		
Any Irritability/Fussiness	181	182		
Any Loss of appetite	120	103		
Temperature $\geq 37.5^{\circ}\text{C}$	83	81		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of subjects with any unsolicited adverse events (AEs)

End point title	Number of subjects with any unsolicited adverse events (AEs)
-----------------	--

End point description:

Unsolicited AE covers any AE reported in addition to those solicited during the clinical study and any solicited symptom with onset outside the specified period of follow-up for solicited symptoms. Any = any unsolicited AE regardless of intensity or relationship to vaccination.

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

During the 31-day (Days 0-30) follow-up period after any vaccination with Infanrix-IPV+Hib or Infanrix IPV + Hiberix

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	224	227		
Units: Subjects				
Any AEs	130	123		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of subjects with any serious adverse events (SAEs)

End point title	Number of subjects with any serious adverse events (SAEs)
-----------------	---

End point description:

Serious adverse events (SAEs) assessed include medical occurrences that result in death, are life threatening, require hospitalization or prolongation of hospitalization or result in disability/incapacity.

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

During the entire study period (from Month 0 to Month 7)

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	224	227		
Units: Subjects				
Any SAEs	25	21		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Concentrations of anti-PRN antibodies

End point title	Concentrations of anti-PRN antibodies
-----------------	---------------------------------------

End point description:

Concentrations were expressed as geometric mean concentrations (GMCs). The seropositivity cut-off of the assay was 5 EL.U/mL.

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

At Month 0 and Month 5

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: EL.U/mL				
geometric mean (confidence interval 95%)				
Anti-PRN at Month 0	2.9 (2.7 to 3)	3.1 (2.8 to 3.3)		
Anti-PRN at Month 5	125.8 (116 to 136.5)	133.4 (123 to 144.6)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Concentrations of anti-PRP antibodies

End point title	Concentrations of anti-PRP antibodies
-----------------	---------------------------------------

End point description:

Concentrations were expressed as geometric mean concentrations (GMCs). The seroprotection cut-off of the assay was 0.15 µg/mL.

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

At Month 0 and Month 5

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: µg/mL				
geometric mean (confidence interval 95%)				
Anti-PRP at Month 0	0.165 (0.143 to 0.191)	0.219 (0.184 to 0.26)		
Anti-PRP at Month 5	8.456 (7.283 to 9.819)	18.7 (16.353 to 21.384)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of subjects with a vaccine response to anti-PT, anti-FHA and anti-PRN.

End point title	Number of subjects with a vaccine response to anti-PT, anti-FHA and anti-PRN.
-----------------	---

End point description:

Vaccine response was defined as antibody concentration ≥ 5 EL.U/mL at post vaccination, for initially seronegative subjects, and at least maintenance of antibody concentration from pre to post-vaccination (i.e. antibody concentration at post vaccination ≥ 1 fold the pre-vaccination antibody concentration), for initially seropositive subjects.

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

At Month 5

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: Subjects				
Anti-PT [N=212;216]	211	215		
Anti-FHA [N=211;214]	207	207		
Anti-PRN [N=213;217]	213	216		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of seroprotected subjects for anti-Polio type 1, 2 and 3

End point title	Number of seroprotected subjects for anti-Polio type 1, 2 and 3
-----------------	---

End point description:

A seroprotected subject was defined as a vaccinated subject who had an anti-polio types 1, 2 and 3 antibody titres greater to or above (\geq) 8, cut off corresponding to the effective dose for 50% of the vaccinated subjects.

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

Prior to vaccination (PRE)

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	211	216		
Units: Subjects				
Anti-Polio 1, PRE [N=211;216]	104	89		
Anti-Polio 2, PRE [N=211;214]	119	108		
Anti-Polio 3, PRE [N=211;216]	41	31		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Anti-Polio type 1, 2 and 3 antibody titers

End point title	Anti-Polio type 1, 2 and 3 antibody titers
End point description:	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
Prior to vaccination (PRE) and one month after (POST) Dose 3	

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	212	216		
Units: Titers				
geometric mean (confidence interval 95%)				
Anti-Polio 1, PRE [N=211;216]	9.5 (8.3 to 11)	9.4 (8 to 11)		
Anti-Polio 1, POST [N=212;216]	328.8 (289.8 to 373.1)	372.7 (323.8 to 428.9)		
Anti-Polio 2, PRE [N=211;214]	10.8 (9.4 to 12.5)	8.8 (7.7 to 9.9)		
Anti-Polio 2 POST [N=204;211]	340.6 (295.4 to 392.6)	400.2 (347.6 to 460.7)		
Anti-Polio 3, PRE [N=211;216]	5.5 (5 to 6.1)	4.9 (4.5 to 5.3)		
Anti-Polio 3, POST [N=198;199]	377.7 (322.3 to 442.6)	465.3 (390.3 to 554.7)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of seropositive subjects for anti-pertussis toxoid (PT), anti-filamentous haemagglutinin (FHA) and anti-pertactin (PRN).

End point title	Number of seropositive subjects for anti-pertussis toxoid (PT), anti-filamentous haemagglutinin (FHA) and anti-pertactin (PRN).
-----------------	---

End point description:

A seropositive subjects was defined as a vaccinated subjects who had an anti-PRN, anti-PT and anti-FHA antibody concentration ≥ 5 ELISA units per milliliter (EL.U/mL).

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

At Month 0 and Month 5

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: Subjects				
Anti-PT at Month 5 [N=213;217]	213	217		
Anti-FHA at Month 5 [N=213;217]	213	217		
Anti-PRN at Month 5 [N=213;217]	213	217		
Anti-PT at Month 0 [N=212;216]	27	34		
Anti-FHA at Month 0 [N=211;214]	170	178		
Anti-PRN at Month 0 [N=213;217]	25	30		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Anti-PT, anti-FHA and anti-PRN antibody concentrations

End point title	Anti-PT, anti-FHA and anti-PRN antibody concentrations
-----------------	--

End point description:

End point type	Secondary
----------------	-----------

End point timeframe:

Prior to vaccination (PRE)

End point values	Infanrix- IPV+Hib Group	Infanrix IPV Group		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	213	217		
Units: EL.U/mL				
geometric mean (confidence interval 95%)				
Anti-PT, PRE [N=212;216]	3 (2.8 to 3.2)	3.1 (2.9 to 3.3)		

Anti-FHA, PRE [N=211;214]	10.5 (9.3 to 12)	11.7 (10.3 to 13.3)		
Anti-PRN, PRE [N=213;217]	2.9 (2.7 to 3)	3.1 (2.8 to 3.3)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

SAE(s): during the entire study period (Month 0 to Month 7); Solicited local/general symptoms: during the 4-day (Days 0-3) follow-up period after any vaccination; Unsolicited AE(s): during the 31-day (Days 0-30) follow-up period after any vaccination.

Assessment type	Non-systematic
-----------------	----------------

Dictionary used

Dictionary name	MedDRA
Dictionary version	18.0

Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Infanrix IPV Group
-----------------------	--------------------

Reporting group description:

Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix IPV and Hiberix co-administered at separate injection sites at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 dose of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age. The Infanrix IPV was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix and Hiberix vaccines were administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.

Reporting group title	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group
-----------------------	------------------------

Reporting group description:

Subjects aged between, and including, 42 and 69 days at the time of first vaccination received 3 doses of Infanrix-IPV+Hib at 2, 4 and 6 months of age, 3 doses of Synflorix at 6 weeks, 3.5 and 5.5 months of age and 2 doses of Rotarix at 6 weeks and 3.5 months of age. The Infanrix-IPV+Hib was administered intramuscularly in the right thigh, the Synflorix vaccine was administered intramuscularly in the left thigh and the Rotarix vaccine was administered orally.

Serious adverse events	Infanrix IPV Group	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	21 / 227 (9.25%)	25 / 224 (11.16%)	
number of deaths (all causes)	0	0	
number of deaths resulting from adverse events			
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications			
Skull fracture			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Inguinal hernia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Enteritis			

subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Gastrointestinal haemorrhage			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	0 / 224 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Intussusception			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders			
Asthma			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	0 / 224 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Renal and urinary disorders			
Vesicoureteric reflux			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	0 / 224 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Infections and infestations			
Bronchiolitis			
subjects affected / exposed	5 / 227 (2.20%)	7 / 224 (3.13%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 5	0 / 7	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Urinary tract infection			
subjects affected / exposed	6 / 227 (2.64%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 6	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pneumonia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	5 / 224 (2.23%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 5	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Gastroenteritis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	4 / 224 (1.79%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 4	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Viral infection			
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 227 (1.32%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 3	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Bronchitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	2 / 224 (0.89%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pharyngitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	2 / 224 (0.89%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Croup infectious			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cystitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Meningitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pyelonephritis acute			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pyelonephritis chronic			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	0 / 224 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Respiratory syncytial virus bronchitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 227 (0.00%)	1 / 224 (0.45%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Sepsis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 227 (0.44%)	0 / 224 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

Non-serious adverse events	Infanrix IPV Group	Infanrix-IPV+Hib Group	
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	220 / 227 (96.92%)	218 / 224 (97.32%)	
General disorders and administration site conditions			
Pain			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed	146 / 227 (64.32%)	143 / 224 (63.84%)	
occurrences (all)	146	143	
Redness			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed	167 / 227 (73.57%)	177 / 224 (79.02%)	
occurrences (all)	167	177	
Swelling			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed	121 / 227 (53.30%)	130 / 224 (58.04%)	
occurrences (all)	121	130	
Drowsiness			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			

subjects affected / exposed	147 / 227 (64.76%)	153 / 224 (68.30%)	
occurrences (all)	147	153	
Irritability/Fussiness			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed	182 / 227 (80.18%)	181 / 224 (80.80%)	
occurrences (all)	182	181	
Loss of appetite			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed	103 / 227 (45.37%)	120 / 224 (53.57%)	
occurrences (all)	103	120	
Temperature (Tympanic)			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed	81 / 227 (35.68%)	83 / 224 (37.05%)	
occurrences (all)	81	83	
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Diarrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	10 / 227 (4.41%)	29 / 224 (12.95%)	
occurrences (all)	10	29	
Infections and infestations			
Nasopharyngitis			
subjects affected / exposed	29 / 227 (12.78%)	37 / 224 (16.52%)	
occurrences (all)	29	37	
Upper respiratory tract infection			
subjects affected / exposed	29 / 227 (12.78%)	34 / 224 (15.18%)	
occurrences (all)	29	34	
Bronchitis			
subjects affected / exposed	14 / 227 (6.17%)	14 / 224 (6.25%)	
occurrences (all)	14	14	
Bronchiolitis			
subjects affected / exposed	13 / 227 (5.73%)	14 / 224 (6.25%)	
occurrences (all)	13	14	

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? No

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported